

Epon transmission equipment



Overview

Support The point-to-multipoint optical network structure of EPON can cover a wide range of monitoring points, while providing high bandwidth, transparentl.

Key Takeaways

EPON transmission systems use OLTs, ONUs, passive optical splitters, and ODNs to deliver high-speed, scalable fiber-optic connectivity in a point-to-multipoint topology.

Core Components of an EPON System

Optical Line Terminal (OLT): The OLT is the central device located at the service provider's central office. It manages all connected ONUs, aggregates traffic, and interfaces with the IP network.

OL

Ts handle both upstream and downstream traffic, support multi-service delivery (IP, VoIP, IPTV), and provide network management functions such as bandwidth allocation, service provisioning, and fault monitoring.

Modern OL

Ts often include hot-swappable PON cards, power modules, and redundancy protection for reliability ().

Optical Network Unit (ONU): ONUs are customer-side devices deployed at homes, offices, or street cabinets. They convert optical signals from the OLT into electrical signals for end-user devices like PCs, set-top boxes, and switches.

ON



Us respond to OLT commands for configuration, VLAN management, QoS, and firmware upgrades, enabling remote operation and maintenance (). Passive Optical Splitter (POS): Splitters distribute downstream signals from the OLT to multiple ONUs and combine upstream signals back to the OLT. Typical split ratios range from 1: 16 to 1: 128, allowing a single OLT port to serve many users without active electronics, reducing operational costs and power consumption ().

Optical Distribution Network (ODN): The ODN consists of fiber cables, splitters, and other passive components that form the transmission path between the OLT and ONUs. It supports long-distance access (up to 20 km) and is resistant to electromagnetic interference and lightning, enhancing network reliability ().

Key Features of EPON Equipment

High Bandwidth: EPON supports symmetrical speeds up to 1 Gbps or higher, with 10G-EPON variants providing 10 Gbps downstream and upstream ().

Point-to-

Multipoint Topology: A single fiber from the OLT can serve multiple ONUs, optimizing fiber usage and reducing infrastructure costs (). Passive Design: No powered devices are required in the distribution network, minimizing maintenance and operational expenditure (). Management and Monitoring: Ethernet OAM protocols allow remote monitoring, fault detection, and configuration of ONUs, ensuring efficient network operation ().

Scalability: EPON systems can easily expand by adding ONUs or splitters without major changes to the OLT or fiber infrastructure ().

Example EPO

N Equipment HiOS Technology's OLT models, such as the HA7302GD and HA7304V series, illustrate typical EPON equipment. These devices support multiple PON ports, high split ratios, long-distance transmission, and full line-speed L2/L3 forwarding. They are compatible with various ONU models and support remote management, fault diagnostics, and rapid service provisioning ().

EPO

N transmission systems are widely deployed for FTTH (Fiber to the Home), enterprise networks, and business services, offering a cost-effective, energy-efficient, and high-performance solution for modern broadband access ().

Article Content

EPON Explained: Unlocking High-Speed Fiber Networks with Passive ...

EPON excels in simplicity and compatibility with existing Ethernet infrastructure, while GPON offers higher raw bandwidth. For network designers, the choice depends on factors like cost

What Is Passive Optical Networking (PON)? GPON vs. EPON

Passive Optical Network (PON) is a point-to-multipoint optical access technology. Ethernet PON (EPON) and gigabit PON (GPON) are the most common PON technologies and have the

Passive optical network

EPON is a "short haul" network using Ethernet packets, fiber optic cables, and single protocol layer. EPON also uses standard 802.3 Ethernet frames with

Transmission FTTH Equipments & PON

Digital fiber optic transmission equipment plays an important role in transmitting the fiber optical. As a reliable manufacturer of producing passive optical line transmission equipment, we promise to make

A Step-by-Step Introduction to EPON Modules

EPON modules are integral components in fiber-to-the-home (FTTH) networks, delivering high-speed internet access to residential and commercial buildings. They bring several benefits,

What is EPON (GEAPON) OLT: Functions, Types, Specifications

EPON OLT (optical line terminal) is a device that acts as the service provider endpoint of a passive optical network. It connects to the Ethernet switch and ONU.

PON Module Parameters Guide: How to Choose the Best GPON

Discover key PON module parameters for selecting the best GPON and EPON modules. Understand their impact on network performance and make informed choices.

EPON OLT/ONU Optical Transceiver Modules | AscentOptics

EPON (Ethernet Passive Optical Network) is a new type of optical access network technology. It uses point-to-multipoint structure and passive optical fiber transmission to provide multiple services over

Passive Optical Networks: An intro to xPON

EPON (Ethernet PON) EPON uses Ethernet packets for data transmission, supporting symmetrical speeds of 1 Gbps. It is popular in Asia and among certain service providers due to its

The evolution of Ethernet Passive Optical Network (EPON) and future ...

The EPON upstream is unique from previous optical transmission networks such that several transmitters confronting a single receiver. Even though the MAC protocol is working perfectly

Transmission FTTH Equipments & PON

Transmission FTTH Equipments & PON TUOLIMA is a pioneer of innovative fiber transmission equipment over fiber solutions for CATV communications since 2003 of designing and configuring

EPON (Ethernet passive optical network)

How EPON works: EPON uses a time-division multiplexing (TDM) technique to share the bandwidth of the fiber optic cable among multiple ONUs. The OLT allocates time slots to each ONU

PON Evolution: from EPON/GPON to 10G PON, NG-PON2

Explore the evolution of PON technology, from EPON/GPON to 10G PON and the next-gen NG-PON2 and 25G/50G PON, driving faster FTTx networks and seamless upgrades for telecom

Decoding 10G PON: A Comprehensive Analysis of Next-Gen PON

Discover 10G PON, including 10G EPON and 10G GPON. Learn about its evolution, benefits, applications, market trends, and future advancements in high-speed fiber networks.

PON Network: the Differences of GPON and EPON

Differences between GPON and EPON Transmission Rate GPON and EPON are two typical optical passive networks. They are short-distance optical cables and are mainly used for

Optical Fiber Access Technology: EPON, GPON, 10G

However, 10G EPON equipment requires higher processing capabilities and greater bandwidth to cope with high-speed data transmission and processing requirements.

GPON-and-EPON transmission based on multi-standard OLT

Based on multi-standard OLT management structure, this paper realizes supporting GPON and EPON simultaneously in metro-access optical network. To adju

Gigabyte Passive Optical Network (GPON)

While an EPON downstream transmission rate has the same rate as its upstream, 1.25 Gbit/s, GPON has a downstream rate of 2.48 Gbit/s. BPON, Broadband Passive Optical Network, and GPON are

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